

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 12, line 21, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Distributing the windings 18a,b about the two arms 44, 46 permits a more compact arrangement for the coil 18. Although the arms 44, 46 are depicted in Fig. 4 as having a rectangular or trapezoidal cross-sectional profile when viewed from a lengthwise perspective parallel to the height of the dispenser 10, the invention is not so limited as the individual arms 44, 46 may be square or even circular in cross-sectional profile. The side-by-side arrangement of the windings 18a,b facilitates a more compact arrangement for coil 18 and eliminates the ubiquitous side air gaps present in most conventional liquid dispensers. Fundamentally, the presence of two substantially parallel arms 44, 46 permits a relatively lengthy and narrow (i.e., compact) arrangement of the windings 18a,b of coil 18. For example, distributing the windings 18a,b over the two arms 44, 46 that are circular ~~[[is]]~~ in cross-sectional profile defines a pattern for coil 18 that has one transverse dimension equal to sum of the radii of the windings 18a,b and a second orthogonal transverse dimension equal to the largest of the radii. If the radii are equal, the aspect ratio of the two transverse dimensions is 2:1. This leads to a reduction in one transverse dimension of the module body 12 relative to the other orthogonal transverse dimension of the module body 12, which makes the module body 12 thin and permits close side-by-side centerline spacings of adjacent dispensers 10 and hence closely-spaced dispensed amounts of viscous liquid dispensed from the adjacent dispensers 10.